development of the CFG work in our area. Several members have expressed interest in also becoming National Facilitators. This is a testament to the power of the tools and the needed promotion of the reflective dialogue in our school communities.

From the mouths of the coaches their reflection on the day gratified my own sense of purpose to renew our coaches’ sense of self and purpose. Noteworthy feedback were: “the data driven dialogue was just what I needed”, “I was especially pleased with the data driven protocol and the world café for two very different reasons: the data driven allows you to go deeper while the world café opens up thinking and allows you to go broadly”, “I especially like the de-briefing to clarify questions about using the protocol – what to do if. what would you do when...”, “I need to grow personally to grow as a coach”, and “especially liked the idea of marrying passion with work for both teachers and learners”. I have personally grown as a coach and National Facilitator and am fed by the opening up and growth of our local coaches. With each encounter with our coaches support group, my hope is restored.

Eileen’s Dilemma: The Magic of Critical Friendship
By P. Tim Martindell
Coordinator of Secondary ELA
Fort Bend Independent School District

“Tim, I have my dilemma ready to present to the group, but I’m afraid you will find it trivial compared to the other dilemmas,” said Eileen, a veteran teacher and English language arts district level content coach. She frowned as we walked towards the meeting that Friday afternoon. “I’ve been practicing how I will present the dilemma, but I may become emotional.”

In my role as coordinator of secondary English language arts for a large suburban school district, I supervise an existing group of five “helping teachers” – content area coaches – whose jobs involve frequent school visits and on-site professional development for teachers. The group had been meeting for several years. They wondered what to expect from me as their new “boss.” They soon learned that my vision for our mutual professional learning would be to create a highly effective team of critical friends.

Critical Friends Group (CFG) is a coaching model that uses structures or protocols to quickly facilitate deep level reflective conversations. In these conversations, educators discuss professional dilemmas, bring examples of student or teacher work for critical feedback, and gain insight into better serving the learning needs of individual or collective groups of students.
In short, the protocols, when well facilitated, move discussion from "surface" topics like dress codes to deeper reflection on personal teaching practices.

At our meeting that Friday afternoon, the five other helping teachers leaned forward in rapt attention as Eileen outlined her dilemma. Though they had worked together for several years, they had not previously been asked to share intimate aspects of their practice. The air was thick with apprehension.

Eileen’s voice wavered as she admitted that she was often paralyzed by self-doubts about the quality of her work. She told the group of an internal voice that was constantly questioning whether her demonstration lessons were ready to share, or needed more work. With a touch of humor, Eileen said that deciding to end her marriage was the only time she has been really decisive.

One member of the group acted as facilitator, guiding the group through the structured series of clarifying and probing questions used in Critical Friends Groups.

“What kinds of decisions cause you the most trouble?”

“Besides the decision to divorce, can you think of any other times you have been quick to make decisions?”

“What do you value most in your work? What makes your demonstration lessons worth sharing?”

“How might the group support you?”

The conversation quickly deepened as Eileen scooted back from the table to observe, and the group took on her issue with a laser-like focus. As the discussion of the dilemma continued, Eileen sat silently taking notes and reflecting on what she heard.

“I wonder how Eileen might counter that internal voice?”

“We might as a group support her by working together on projects so she doesn’t feel such individual responsibility for making decisions.”

“I wonder what we can all learn from this dilemma.”

When Eileen’s turn came to speak, she outlined the new insights she gained by allowing others to examine her issue. The group debriefed the process, discussing their own reactions to the dilemma and possible universal lessons learned. The members left the meeting as more of a “professional learning community” than when they arrived.

That is the magic of a critical friends group.

Reflecting back on my educational journey, I realize that my most powerful educational experiences came not from direct instruction, but from times when colleagues facilitated and coached my learning. In examining my own switch in philosophical and practical teaching, I realize that John Dewey’s “qualities of experience” describe events set in motion many
years ago that precipitated my personal change. These qualities are (1) continuity – that our ideas about the past, combined with our experience of the present and our dreams for the future, provide the capacity to learn in social situations, and (2) temporality -- the ability to view experience from various vantage points over time. These qualities resonate with what I have come to know. Continuity and temporality can help schools align current educational theory, which promotes professional learning communities like critical friends groups, with proven pedagogy, philosophy, and practice.

When I next crossed paths with Eileen, she was beaming. She told me that one of the content-area teachers she was coaching had complimented her on a demonstration lesson she had conducted. The content area teacher tried Eileen’s strategy, and the students’ test scores on the unit soared.

“I’m demonstrating decisively, Tim,” she said. “I keep replaying my mental tape of the things my critical friends said. And when that negative inner voice nags me, I just tell it to pipe down.”

An Interview with Terry Daugherty, a NSRF National Facilitator by Michele Mattoon Training Coordinator National School Reform Faculty

Tell us a little bit about yourself. How were you introduced to NSRF? How did you get CFGs started in your school?

I have been a Middle School Science teacher, deep down to my core, for 37 years. I began teaching by using a hands-on, self-paced, Inquiry based Science curriculum. Beginning my career in that environment always caused me to use a unique filter in which to judge what I wanted to do in my classroom. I have taught in the same school for 35 years. Many of those years did not require me to look outside my door to others. I had even compared teaching to running a small business.

My NSRF exposure came after I had experienced another type of PLC training. I did not see that PLC training relating well to what I was working on to improve my work in the classroom. A year later, I was invited to what I thought was a Mathematics summer workshop. It turned out to be a summer CFG training by NSRF, paid for by a Mathematics Professional Development grant.

I spent the first 3 days of training, looking for what I call the “killer app”. The “killer app” is something that I can use in my classroom that would make this training valuable to me. Thankfully, by the end of the 4th day, I discovered my true “killer app”. It was the whole concept around the CFG (Critical Friends Group) to help support teachers to improve our